## **10ES32 - Analog Electronic Circuits**

## Assignment-II

- Note: i) Write the assignment in a A4 size paper
  - iii) Mention your USN, name and section on the top right corner of first page
  - iii) Assume the missing data suitably
  - iv) Submit the assignment on or before 11.00 AM, Monday, 7/10/2013
- 1. Explain transistor switching network.
- 2. Derive the expressions for S, S', and S'' for i) Emitter Bias, ii) Voltage Divider Bias, and iii) Collector Feedback Bias.
- 3. Design a voltage divider bias circuit to get the Q point  $I_{CQ}$  = 3mA and  $V_{CEQ}$  = 7V.
- 4. Design a emitter bias circuit to get the Q point  $I_{CQ} = 2.1$ mA and  $V_{CEQ} = 5$ V.
- 5. Design a collector feedback bias circuit to get the Q point  $I_{CQ} = 1$ mA and  $V_{CEQ} = 6$ V.
- 6. For a voltage divider bias circuit,  $R_1$ = 62 K $\Omega$ ,  $R_2$ = 9.1 K $\Omega$ ,  $R_E$ = 680  $\Omega$ ,  $R_C$ =3.9 K $\Omega$ ,  $V_{cc}$ =16V,  $\beta$ =80, calculate S and S'.
- 7. Determine the stability factor  $S(\beta)$  and the change in Ic from 25° C to 100° C for the transistor with  $\beta$  (25° C) = 50 and  $\beta$  (100° C)= 100 for the following bias arrangement.
  - a) Fixed bias with  $R_B = 330 \text{ K}\Omega$
  - b) Emitter bias with  $R_B/R_E=5$
  - c) Voltage divider bias with  $R_{TH}/R_E=1.5$
  - Also calculate  $I_{CQ}$  at the 100° C in each case if  $I_{CQ}$  at 25° C is 3 mA
- 8. What is Barkhausen criterion? Explain how oscillations start in an oscillator.
- 9. Design a transistor Hartley oscillator to generate a frequency of 175KHz. Consider  $H_{fe}$ =45.
- 10. Explain the merits and demerits of RC phase shift oscillator
- 11. A quartz crystal has L = 0.12H, C = 0.04 pF,  $C_M = 1$ pF and R = 9.2 k $\Omega$ . Find i) Series resonant frequency, ii) Parallel resonant frequency and iii) Quality factor.